

WHERE CREDIT IS DUE!

SOUND CREDIT PRACTICES FUEL COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE



Jewelry suppliers face many challenges in the search for good, sustainable business. One such issue is the contraction in potential 'doors' or retail outlets that has occurred over the past 10 years. We often hear the questions: 'Who is left to sell to?', 'How do I grow?, 'How do I make well-informed decisions that lead to sound transactions?' and 'How do you avoid the bad ones?'

The Jewelers Board of Trade (JBT) has ben assisting jewelry industry suppliers in finding the best answers to these questions for over 135 years now. Founded, owned and operated by the industry, we strive to be the credit services resource of choice for our membership. From marketing lists and credit

reports to collection of delinquent accounts, we are all about delivering the right information, when and how it is needed, cost effectively.

With the government's focus on prevention of money-laundering schemes and knowing who you're doing business with, it's necessary for everyone in the industry to practice a thorough vetting of current and potential business partners. The basics of trade credit analysis and accounts receivable management includes careful due diligence on new accounts and regular monitoring of existing accounts, accompanied by a healthy dose of common sense.

The following is an overview of some of the factors you should consider in this process and tools available to assist you.

Evaluate Your Credit Risk Tolerance



Look at the net worth of your company (your investment at risk) and compare it to the amount of high credit you will need to grant to do business with a new prospect. The rule of thumb is a maximum of 10 percent of your net worth extended to any one account: The theory is that you can afford to lose this and still survive. It is simply dangerous to gamble a significant portion of your capital base with one account, which is painfully evident in the toll that major retailer bankruptcies have taken on the supplier population.

Consider the parameters of your banking arrangements if you are borrowing to finance your receivables. What limits does this impose on the amount and age of credit you can extend? Let these considerations, among others, factor into the credit policies you set.

Do Your Homework on New Accounts



Once you've obtained a new lead, **take advantage of two critical tools to help you accomplish this**: the credit application and credit report. Credit applications should include business name, fictitious names (dba), date and place of origin, legal structure, address, phone numbers, principals and officers, business type, authorized buyers, federal tax ID, trade and bank references, and the authorized signature of a principal who can commit the company to payment. Order a credit report on all new customers. We refresh our payment database constantly, and just last month our members submitted over \$591,571,700 of trade payment information. Our Collections Department posts new claims to these credit reports as received. Take advantage of this resource to evaluate new 'faces' and lower the risk of preventable credit loses. After you've done your homework, reconcile the credit application and credit report – both technically and intuitively.

Monitor Existing Accounts



Put the signed application, credit report, trade and bank reference checks, and any other relevant data in their file.

At least annually, update the file by ordering a new credit report, or subscribe to our CreditWatch monitoring service that alerts you to significant changes in a report. Review the JBT Weekly Alert to identify potential problems. This report provides ratings changes, financial embarrassments, ownership changes, collections claims, frequent inquiries, and other items of interest. Note any relevant information in the company's credit file and adjust your credit strategy accordingly (e.g. change credit limit, intensify collection efforts) and call the investigative staff at JBT should you have any questions. These are some of the fundamental procedures that can help jewelry industry suppliers acquire and maintain good business in an intensely competitive environment.

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CREDIT REPORT SUMMARY

ACME CARLTON JEWELERS



D/B/A GASTON'S JEWELS

MEMBER OF JBT JBT ID 91430834

RETAIL JEWELRY

JBT OPS CLASS LISTED SINCE

UPDATED

FULL REPORT 05/02/2019

CONTACT

95 Jefferson Boulevard Warwick RI 02888-6602 www.gastonsjewels.com

401-467-0055 **Fax** 800-490-5268 Email jeremy@gastonsjewels.com

PRINCIPALS

Rocchio, David President

Born 1968, Married

Adams, Jeffry P. (Jeff) CFO

Born 1977, Married

Morgan, Kathleen **VP** Marketing

Born 1957, Married

Bellimi, Nadia **VP Merchandising**

Born 1961, Divorced

Lundberg, Adam Born 1963, Married Store Manager

OPERATIONS

No of Employees 123 No of Branches 12 Lease/Own Leased **Square Feet** 9,500

Insurer Jewelers Mutual

Alarm System Yes

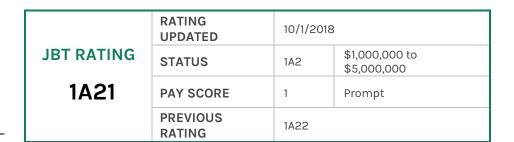
BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS

Parent Company

DBA

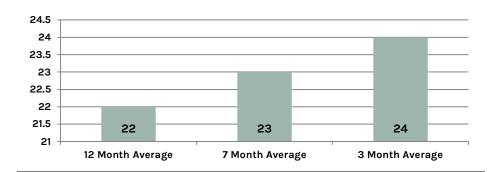
Gaston's Jewels

Lundberg & Morgan



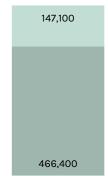
PAYMENTS

DAYS OUTSTANDING BASED ON AGREED TERMS









LEGAL

Business Type Corporation State of Incorporation Delaware Date of Incorporation 04/21/1994 **Registration ID** 2654323B 010843231 Tax ID Type Private

Ticker

NAICS Code 448310

NAICS Description Jewelry Stores

CLAIMS

JBT COLLECTIONS O Open, O Closed

CREDIT

NUMBER OF CREDIT INQUIRIES Past 90

Days

6

HIGHEST CREDIT LINE (\$) 147,200

5/22/2019 1

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